





## Intimations.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA,  
LIMITED,  
CHEMISTS, &c.

## CONFECTIONERY.

CHOCOLATES.

NOUGAT.

PRALINES.

PASTILLES.

&c. &c. &c.

BEST QUALITY OBTAINABLE.

No. 22 & 24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

LONDON, HONGKONG AND AMOY.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.

WE invite attention to our first supplies  
OF  
CONFECTIONERY AND  
CHRISTMAS GOODS

RECEIVED BY THE LAST MAIL.

JORDAN ALMONDS, NOUGAT, BUT-  
TER SCOTCH, ASSORTED TOFFEES,  
DRAGEES, PRALINES, and a large selection

of PURE CONFECTIONERY from the leading  
Manufacturers.

CADBURY'S SPECIAL CHOCOLATE  
CREMES.

PINE, APRICOT, CHERRY, LIME,  
GUAVA, and other FRUIT JELLIES in great  
variety.

TOM SMITH'S CHRISTMAS CRACKERS.

COLOURED OPAIS mounted in Pinch,  
representing favourite subjects.

A large assortment of ENGLISH and  
JAPANESE CHRISTMAS CARDS, of hand-  
some and artistic designs, suitable to all tastes,  
and at moderate prices.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

Hongkong, 1st November, 1891.

## NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, Hongkong Telegraph," and not to the Editor.  
Letters on Editorial matters to be sent to "The Editor" and not to individual members of the staff.  
Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of good faith.  
While the columns of the Hongkong Telegraph will always be open for the free discussion by correspondents of all questions affecting public interests, it must be distinctly understood that the Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

## MARRIAGE.

On the 7th inst., at Union Church, Shanghai, by the Rev. E. Faber, D.D., JOSEPH HANSEN, of the Great Northern Telegraph Co., to ELISABETH HANSEN, of Copenhagen.

## DEATHS.

At Shanghai, on the 6th December, 1891, WILLIAM THOMAS, the beloved and only son of Mr. and Mrs. William John Roberts, aged 6 years.  
On the 7th November, at the General Hospital, Calcutta, of Hydrophobia, MARTIN NIBBY, MARTIN (Johnny), the only son of Florence and Charles Norman Martin, late Selangor Government Railway.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, MONDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1891.

## TELEGRAMS.

CHINESE LABOUR AND THE UNITED STATES.

LONDON, December 11th.  
A Bill has been introduced into the Washington Senate rendering it unlawful for Chinese labourers to enter, or remain in America.

(From the Straits Times.)

FEARFUL ATROCITIES IN CHINA.

LONDON, December 1st.  
The situation in China is very critical; two months have taken place to the north of the

Great Wall; the Mandarins of the district of Pakow, it seems, arranged with the rebel leaders to spare the population but gave them licence to attack the Christians. In consequence of this the most flagrant atrocities ensued, children were gashed and roasted, nuns outraged and hanged, and the Belgian priests had their hearts and tongues torn out.

[Referring to this "fearful atrocity" the wiseacre who edits—ye gods!—the *Straits Times*, lets himself loose as follows:—"These telegrams of China (sic) news from London are probably filtered through New York. There are some enterprising American journalists in China, with American connections in the Treaty Ports, and they sometimes get very remarkable news. It is probable that any exceedingly important China news would have reached Singapore by telegram either from Hongkong or Shanghai; and that no such news has come makes it desirable to receive these London telegrams with a certain amount of caution." This editorial foot-note is exceedingly funny, but it is quite in keeping with the mental calibre of the man who penned it. Mr. Amos Reid is more at home in trying to "boom" Jebebus and Rauba, and other such-like uncertain elements in the wide field of Straits speculations, than in dealing with Far Eastern politics. *No sutor ultra crepidam*.—Ed., Hongkong Telegraph.]

## BALFOUR ON HOME RULE.

December 3rd.  
Mr. A. J. Balfour, late Chief Secretary to the Viceroy of Ireland, speaking at Huddersfield, said that the time was now ripe to grant Ireland as wide a measure of local self-government as at present in force in Great Britain, and that the country would not be justified in refusing this concession.

## THE REBELLION IN CHINA.

December 3rd.  
Later advices from Peking state that the revolt has been over-rated, as the rebels only number one thousand five hundred men.  
[These latest advices from Peking are almost as big a lie as that other romance about the nuns being outraged and the Belgian priests having their hearts and tongues torn out. The rebellion in North is far more serious than is generally believed, and may yet cause a great deal of trouble. Even the Chinese of modern days, even in far Manchuria, don't make a specialty of outraging nuns, and they have notorious scruples against making investigations of the Jack-the-Ripper order.—Ed., H.K. Telegraph.]

## GUSH.

BOMBAY, November 23rd.  
The London correspondent of the *Bombay Gazette* writes that the Empress Frederick has, through her eunuch, Count von Seckendorff, accepted a copy of Mr. Bhownagree's translation into Gujarati of "Leaves from the Journal of Our Life in the Highlands." "I need not say," writes the Count to Mr. Bhownagree, who is now in London, "that it would give Her Majesty, as the Empress has had the pleasure of telling you herself, the greatest interest to visit your native country. I trust it will be possible some day. Nobody would enjoy it more than Her Majesty."

(From L'Avenir Du Tonkin.)

SAIGON, December 6th.  
M. Bourgeois, editor of the *Avenir de Cochinchine*, and M. Ternisien, barrister, were yesterday ordered by the Tribunal Correctionnel to pay—the first, 200 francs, the second 500 francs compensation, and both jointly 2,000 francs, for having published an article held to be defamatory concerning M. Groux, professor in Cochinchina.  
[M. Ternisien formerly represented Saigon in the Colonial Council.—Ed., H.K. T.]

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE French cruiser *Imoultant* left Shanghai for Wuhu on the 8th inst.

OWING to extreme pressure on our news columns, we are compelled to hold over our American telegrams until to-morrow.

THE Agents (Messrs. Dodwell, Carill & Co.) inform us that the steamship *Terrington* left Singapore for this port to-day, and is due on or about the 1st inst.

A REGULAR meeting of St. John's Lodge, No. 618, S.C., will be held in the Freemasons' Hall, Zeland Street, this evening, at 8 for 8.30 o'clock precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

A FRENCHMAN who has made a study of anti-fat remedies, gives his fellow-sufferers the benefit of his experience, and says that the best thing he knows of is to eat only one article of food at a meal. Both!

It is all but impossible, says the *Sydney Bulletin*, to get any enquiry instituted into the Bank of Van Diemen's Land affairs in consequence of so many being "in it." Leading lawyers and—er—avenues of public opinion are gagged on account of their own overdrafts. The unfortunate Germans have reduced the once firm to take the matter up in the interests of the wretched shareholders. *Ajuda like Wren-fordley* is needed to hear the case.

The following office-bearers for the St. Mary Magdalene Chapter of the Rose Croix of H.R.D.M., No. 75, were elected at a convocation held last night in the Masonic Hall, Zeland Street—  
M. W. S. .... G. P. Jordan  
E. R. General ..... J. McLeavy Brown  
E. R. General ..... R. C. Cook  
Grand Marshal ..... A. S. Hooper  
Raphael ..... G. C. Anderson  
Captain of the Guard ..... J. Kirkwood.

ON 11th inst., owing to the unprecedented dullness in shipping business, seven of the steamers of the Scottish-Oriental Co., employed on the Hongkong-Bangkok route, about the finest fleet of coasting vessels in this part of the world, and two or three of the "Shan" liners, employed in a same trade, are to be laid up until next March. This means about fifty officers and engineers being sent ashore—the beach is a fashion—and nine or ten ships relegated to half-pay. Not a very good outlook for the coming Christmas, is it? Unless some change for the better shortly crops up, Hongkong's boasted free-trade principles and special privileges to foreigners will have to be curtailed, or Britain's shipping supremacy in the Far East is doomed. Bitterness and strife and the "poor, unfortunate Germans" have reduced the once lucrative business on the China coast to a general scramble for a bare living.

THE King of Siam has sent a steamship with 60,000 pounds of rice for the relief of the Chalya district, devastated in the storm recently reported.

THE returns of the number of visitors to the City Hall Museum for the week ended December 13th, are:—Europeans, 159; Chinese, 1,977; total 2,136.

WE are informed by the Agent of the Messageries Maritimes Co. that the Company's steamer *Yongtze*, with the next French mail, left Saigon at 1 a.m. yesterday, for this port.

THE *Sinh-pao* reports that several men have been captured by the authorities in Hankow on charges of dealing in contraband materials, and sent to Chefoo for examination.

THE gun-powder fired on board the *Victor Emanuel* this afternoon was unavoidably consumed in giving Major General Digby Barker, who paid a state visit to the Commodore, a "send off" ashore.

"A man cannot do much with only one hand," said the beggar.  
"That depends on the hand," returned Cadley.  
"With four aces and a high limit you can do anything."

SOMEBODY writing from Peking on the 4th inst. to a friend in Shanghai observes:—"The trouble in the North is apparently over; but in truth, nobody here knows anything definite of what has been going on there."

H.E. the Hoppe of Canton and family arrived this morning by the *Hsin-yueh* from Shanghai bound for his residence at the Imperial gubnat at Murray Pier, said the usual "sudden jerk" Chinese salutes.

WE have pleasure in announcing that the sisters of the French Convent (Aile de la Sainte Enfance) will hold a bazaar in the City Hall to-morrow, the 15th inst., under the patronage of Governor Sir William Robinson and Major-General Digby Barker.

FROM recent varied experiences we are gradually coming round to recognise the truth that no man should become a journalist in Hongkong unless he has the constitution of an athlete, the conscience of a lawyer, the morality of a politician, and the intellect of an ass.

LOOK out for squalls! In his weather report today Dr. Dobrich says, "the barometer has fallen considerably, while gradients are very moderate for easterly winds," so there's every probability of a northerly "booster" in the course of the next twenty-four hours.

THE first consignment of Indian recruits for our native battalion arrived to-day by the "blue funnel" steamer *Agamemnon*. They comprise a *Subadar* and 69 gun lascars (Sikhs) who were despatched from Calcutta by the British India steamer *Sirra*, and transhipped at Singapore.

WE read that Captain von Gossel, formerly in command of the Norddeutscher Lloyd's steamer *Sachsen*, and one of the most devotedly popular of all seamen, has received permission to wear the Swedish Order of Vasa, which was conferred on him by the King of Sweden and Norway some time ago.

THE Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial Hospital begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donations to the funds of the Hospital:—  
Wong Lai Yuen (Canton) ..... \$100  
Chow Tait Tong ..... 25  
Anonymous (Chinese) ..... 20  
Mr. Justice Fielding Clarke ..... 15  
Ip Chuk K'ai ..... 15

SIR Wilfred Lawson's gibes and doct's are not only amusing, but the poetical banter succeeded in saying a good thing the other day in connection with the German Emperor's recent defence of duelling and beer drinking. "If these institutions are to be the pillar of the German nation," he remarked, "the national flag might come to be known as the 'Scars and Swipes'."

AT a meeting of the Ball Committee of the British Mercantile Marine Officers' Association on Saturday resolutions were passed adopting the accounts (which showed a fair credit balance), acknowledging the efforts of the Secretary, and regretting that Capt. S. Ashton the President, had been unable to attend the ball. The new premises on Praya Central, it was stated, will be occupied on the 1st prox.

NOTICE TO PORTERS.—We are now prepared to receive tenders for a supply of high-class portery for the season 1892-3. Specifications may be had post free on deposit of 5s, which will not be returned. All poems must be delivered fresh at this office by May, 1893, in cargoes of not less than two tons at a time. The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted, and the Marquis of Queensberry's rules will settle all disputes, with Tennyson as referee. Samples of verse must be enclosed with each tender, 14th wide by 3 1/2 deep, and postal orders must not be crossed.

MEIN GOTT! On the 3rd instant the *Sveinroa*, a Norwegian bark of 400 tons register, owned by Messrs. Gilliland Wood & Co., while at anchor in the Roads, Singapore, was run into by the steamship *San Whait Sen* and cut down to two feet below the water's edge. She was fully laden with a general cargo for Europe at the time of the accident, which occurred at 8.30 p.m. Assistance was soon rendered by H.M.S. *Hyacinth*, the Harbour Department, and the Hongkong-built steam yacht *Arcturion* (Captain Calder), and she was beached early the next day. The *Sveinroa* is over 20 years of age it is doubtful whether she can be satisfactorily repaired.

## TO-DAY'S SHIPPING RETURNS.

Inward.  
*Shepard Osborn* steamer, from Singapore, &c.  
*Hongkong* " " " " " " " "  
*E-Sing* " " " " " " " "  
*Diamond* " " " " " " " "  
*Continental* " " " " " " " "  
*Collingham* " " " " " " " "  
*Cosmopolis* " " " " " " " "  
*Whampoa* " " " " " " " "  
*Fokien* " " " " " " " "  
*Pha Nam* " " " " " " " "  
*Lya-moon* " " " " " " " "  
*Agamemnon* " " " " " " " "  
*C. of Rio Janeiro* " " " " " " " "  
*Ryff* " " " " " " " "

Outward.  
*Kolung* steamer, for Shanghai.  
*Kowloon* " " " " " " " "  
*Peking* " " " " " " " "  
*Glouching* " " " " " " " "  
*Thales* " " " " " " " "  
*Yangtze* " " " " " " " "  
*Mary Stewart* bark, for Amoy.  
*Zafiro* steamer, " " " "  
*Oceanical* " " " " " " " "  
*Lya-moon* " " " " " " " "  
*Dora Perrier* " " " " " " " "  
*Arcturion* " " " " " " " "  
*Aliphong* " " " " " " " "  
*Calcutta* " " " " " " " "

WHEN Pope Hennessy was first elected to the House of Commons, his total income was £60 per annum.

BELLE of the ball No. 1: "Your back hair is coming down, dear." No. 2: "Oh thanks, so much—by the way, your front teeth are dropping out."

MR. H. M. IMANO, the baritone of Willard and Sheridan's Opera Company that visited Hongkong about three years ago, has picked his tent in New York.

H.M.S. *Albatross*, with Vice-Admiral Richards on board, left Shanghai for Chinkiang on the 8th inst. The *Redpoll* left on the same date to relieve the *Linnet* at Wuhu.

THE famous novelist Jules Verne commenced his career as a lawyer, but proving an utter failure at the business, he wisely abandoned it. It is said that some of the clients who got into gaol through being defended by Jules are there yet.

WE observe from a sporting contemporary that Mr. S. Hordern, owner of the Australian racehorse Nordenfild, a son of grand old Munka and sire of Strathmore winner of the recent Victorian Derby, refused an offer of £50,000 for that animal.

THE *Sydney Bulletin* says that Joe Thompson, the Australian bookmaker who has been making a sensation on the English turf during the past season by the gigantic character of his betting operations, trundled a hot-pipe barrow on a Victorian goldfield in the fifties.

MR. W. R. D. BECKETT, of H.B.M. Consular Service, left Bangkok on Nov. 25th by the steamer *Utho*, on his tour down the Mekong. He will journey as far as Bhamac with the Siamese Commissioner for Ubon and Bassac, and will proceed leisurely down the Mekong to Saigon. He expects to reach Saigon about February.

A PROMINENT London Theosophist claims to have received from the deceased Madame Blavatsky a most depressing occult communication from which it appears that the lady has been unfortunate in the "hence." "She has lost her clothes and is now wandering about the meads of Apophel in a state of nudity," is the gist of her troubles.

"My friends incited me to go on the concert platform," explained young Crowstone.  
"Why did you not follow it up?" enquired the young lady.

"The audience incited me to go off it," was the reply.  
And the Angel of Truth woke up from his slumber, and put a red cross opposite his name.

A SHANGHAI register of shares in the Imuris Mines Limited, was opened by Jardine, Matheson & Co. on December 1st. The wife-puller of the "muckle house" evidently intending to do them out to "boom" this Mexican *El Dorado* (?) for all it is worth and by every possible expedient. We wish their efforts, so long as they are genuine, no end of success, as we learn with some concern that a considerable number of Hongkong and Shanghai residents will be heavily involved in the event of these mines failing to realise the anticipations based on a glowing prospectus.

"The French nobility of a hundred years ago," remarked Carlyle, "said they could afford to laugh at theories. Then came a man who wrote a book called 'The Social Contract.' The man was called Jean Jacques Rousseau, and his book was a theory, and nothing but a theory. The nobles could laugh at his theory, but their slaves went to bind the second edition of his book." Hongkong Government officials of the Mitchell type apparently regard the taxpayers of this colony and their representatives in the Legislative Council as a mere theory, a kind of abstract problem invented for official amusement. The "phalanx" will get a rude awakening one of these fine days.

THUS the Shanghai *Mercury* of the 9th inst.—"The last field day in this Settlement that was attended by a foreign Admiral, took place in 1885. Admiral Chandler, of the United States Navy, was then the senior officer in charge. He died suddenly, afterwards, in Hongkong, and is sleeping now in 'Hongkong Hay Valley.' To-day we might have had a British Admiral amongst us, but he has disappeared up the Yangtze Valley during the time his countrymen were being murdered, ill-treated, and their property pillaged and burnt, and we should have been able to say we thought he was at his station and doing his duty; but it is only now, when things are quiet and the shooting season has commenced that we find the brave Admiral in the Yangtze."

ALL who had the pleasure of his acquaintance will be sorry to hear of the death at Sydney a few weeks ago of Signor Guido Majorani, the Italian actor who for many years past has been closely identified with the Australian stage. During the summer of last year Signor and Signora Majorani visited the Far East in search of health, and made themselves exceedingly popular both in Shanghai and Japan, making a play of several months in the Land of the Rising Sun. Unhappily the beneficial results anticipated from the change of climate and scene were not realized, and poor Majorani left Hongkong about twelve months ago and returned to Sydney to die of consumption, whilst his talented wife completely and permanently lost her voice owing to a throat affection, which necessitated her abandoning a profession of which she was one of the most noteworthy living ornaments. Signora Majorani, who is a niece of the great Risopoli, is reported to intend returning to Italy, somewhat precariously provided by teaching the Italian language to the children of the Earl of Jersey, the present Governor of New South Wales.

The following paragraph from a recent issue of the *Sydney Bulletin* will interest those local shipping reformers who have recently been discussing the Light Dues charged on vessels entering Hongkong harbour—"Sydney, people will tell you, is a Free trade port, and Melbourne is under the domination of a grinding system of Protection. In Sydney the R.M.S. *Arctida* has to pay £165 for pilotage and harbour and light dues in and out each trip; the M.M. *Cole Polynesian*, £154.10s; the *Orion*, £171.3s; the North German Lloyd's *Kaiser Wilhelm*, £225.12s. In the year 1889, when small vessels only traded to Australia, these fees were fixed at 4d. per ton, and at 4d. per ton they remain until this day. Yet in Melbourne none of these vessels has to pay more than £50, and the service rendered extends over 50 miles, instead of, as at Sydney, over, say eight miles. In other words, Free trade Sydney charges three times as much for one-fourth of the service—as, the Sydney charges are 100 per cent. over those of the protected port of Melbourne! As pointed out by Mr. Kelgins, the charges from Melbourne to London—a distance of 120 miles, which sometimes takes a week or so—are only £24 for a fully-loaded vessel drawing 24 feet. Why is so much charged at Sydney and Newcastle? Simply because the 'Free-trade' Government get revenue out of it. The present annual cost of the service is £10,533, and the receipts £3,559, leaving a profit of £6,974, obtained by a gross and wasteful system of Protection."

THE Band of the A. & S. Highlanders will play the following programme at the Officers' Mess to-morrow, commencing at 8 p.m.:

March "The Bannockburn" ..... Macdonald.  
Value "The Bannockburn" ..... Macdonald.  
Description "The Bannockburn" ..... Macdonald.  
Selection "The Bannockburn" ..... Macdonald.

MR. ARRATHOON SETH, clerk of Council in the Hongkong Government service, has recently passed a most satisfactory examination in Roman law at Lincoln's Inn. We have been informed that Mr. Seth, after being called to the Bar, intends giving up his official duties and practising in Hongkong.

THE Pahang correspondent of the *Straits Times* writes that the Panjom Co.'s launch *Sitayum* arrived at Peking on November 20th from Kuala Lumpur, with 64 bags of pyrites and 318 ounces of gold from the Panjom mines. And yet the shares don't boom worth a cent. There must surely be a screw loose somewhere!

THE long-pending libel suit, *Mishkinett v. Fraser-Smith*, in which the plaintiff, an overseer in the Public Works Department, sues the Editor of the *Hongkong Telegraph* for \$5,000 damages for alleged libel, comes on for hearing at the Supreme Court to-morrow, before the Chief Justice and a special jury. It promises to be an interesting case.

THERE was a better attendance of members of the Hongkong Rifle Association on Saturday than at the previous week's competition, but the scoring was indifferent. Colour-Sergeant Boyd took the spoon with 53, but being handicapped had to cede the Cup to Mr. Ford, 50, a win to him being the previous average. Former winners are Messrs. Watson, Boyd, Mack, once each, and Robinson twice.

A RUSSIAN squadron, consisting of the *Dmitry Donkoff*, *Frimery*, *Vinaz* and *Zabacca*, will arrive in Singapore from Cronstadt about the end of this month. These vessels are to strengthen Russia's fleet in Far Eastern waters, and doubtless have been sent out in view of possible contingencies in the big game of bluff now being played by the great European Powers. The *Famlat Avon* and *Vladimir Monomakh* are reported to have left Vladivostok, homeward bound.

WAITING from Peking under date the 30th November, the correspondent of the *Straits Times* says:—"The sentence of death passed by the Acting Resident on the 16th of June last on a Chinaman named Wong Loi for the murder, near Durian S'batang in Ulu Pahang, of another Chinaman named Wong Poh, was carried out on the 16th instant inside the Peking Gaol. The mode of execution was by the bow-string (called by the Malays, *Kijit*), as that is the instrument of death for criminals sentenced under the Sultan's Government. Since the introduction of the Penal Code, systems into Pahang, this is the first occasion on which a death sentence has been carried into effect."

MR. KAW HONG TAKE's new steamer *Arctidong*, Capt. Calder, which arrived at Singapore on the 3rd instant, had a lively time of it on the way down. Two days after leaving Hongkong the vessel encountered a typhoon and was shortly battling with terrific seas. So bad was the weather that for eight hours Captain Calder never left the bridge, and how such a fragile craft came safely through such weather, the *Straits Times* finds it difficult to conjecture. Capt. Calder was to leave Singapore for Hongkong on the 5th instant to the command of the *Pekin*, another Chinese-built coaster destined for the Straits trade, and built to the order of Mr. Kaw Hong Take.

THUS the *Sinh-pao*:—"The two boys employed Charles W. Mason (the backboneless 'crank' now in Shanghai) for making an ass of himself) have been examined by the Shanghai magistrate and Mr. Yu, the Viceroy's deputy. They deposed that they had been in Mason's employ for some years, and that certain Customs *gongkies* were good friends of Mason, who received them in his room upstairs and had private conversations with them at various times. The prisoners neither knew to what his conversations related, nor were they themselves in any way concerned in the conspiracy. Mr. Yu, the Viceroy's deputy, is our old friend Yu Sui Wan, whose *carte de visite* adorns the charge room of the Yangtze Valley Police Station. He is a good fellow, who was very badly advised when he 'cleared' from this colony. Both the boys are natives of Kiangling."

The devotees of music are eagerly pressing forward to secure their seats for the concert to be given by Herr Friedenthal in St. Andrew's Hall to-morrow night. All the best places are taken already, and there is not much chance of seats being obtainable unless booked in advance. This hearty appreciation on the part of the public renders it unnecessary for us to speak of the merits of Herr Friedenthal's entertainments. We append the programme:—

PART I.  
1.—March from "Kambrant" (Arrangement by List).  
(a) *Requiem* (Crispien Sosa) ..... Chopin.  
(b) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(c) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(d) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(e) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(f) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(g) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(h) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(i) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(j) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
PART II.  
1.—Sonata (Moonlight) in C sharp ..... Beethoven.  
(Adagio-Allegretto-Presto).  
2.—Cello, my Bride ..... Friedenthal.  
3.—Valse Opus "Fausse" ..... Schumann.  
(Arrangement by List).  
(a) *Mandolin* ..... Schumann.  
(b) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(c) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(d) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(e) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(f) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(g) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(h) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(i) *Polka* ..... Schumann.  
(j) *Polka* ..... Schumann.

## SUPREME COURT.

IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.  
(Before Chief Justice Sir J. Russell.)

December 14th.

THE WOLF AND THE LAMB.  
In the action *Li Lo Ho v. Tai Lin Hong*, plaintiff sought to recover property valued at \$4,756.45 entrusted to defendant. Mr. Pollock, instructed by Mr. Wilkinson, was for plaintiff, and Mr. Francis, instructed by Messrs. Denney and Wotton, defended.

In opening the case for the plaintiff, counsel stated that the parties had been living together in California ten years, and returned to China, defendant arriving in 1888, and sending for the plaintiff two years later. She landed on Dec. 10, 1890, having two boxes containing her own clothes and savings, worth altogether over \$400. She stayed with defendant some time, and he took care of her property. Now they had parted, and he refused to give it up. The defence was that the goods were put in a safe keeping in Canton with plaintiff's consent, and were not withheld from her at all. Defendant said there never was any money. His Lordship found that the evidence as to the existence in fact of the \$4,000 was not clear. Judgment for defendant, with costs.

## HONGKONG HIGH LEVEL TRAMWAY CO.

An extraordinary general meeting of the above-named company was called for to-day in consequence, we are informed, of the fact that the general managers, Messrs. MacEwen, Frickel, and Co., had disposed of certain shares in the company, thus ceasing to hold the number requisite to qualify them for the management under the Articles of Association. The present holder of the shares so transferred, Mr. Findlay Smith, claimed (it is said) to represent MacEwen, Frickel and Co., and held that that firm as represented by him was still qualified to act as managing directors, he holding sufficient shares; accordingly a further notice was issued (supposed to have emanated from him) calling an ordinary meeting in the usual way to be held on Thursday (24th) to receive reports and accounts "from the general managers, MacEwen, Frickel and Co.," whose signature was appended. This coming to the notice of the company's solicitors, the following express was promptly circulated to-day:—

## EXRESS.

HONGKONG HIGH LEVEL TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

As Solicitors for the above Company in the matter of the Meeting advertised to take place this day at 11.30, we beg to inform the members that the Meeting as previously advertised will be held to-day, at the time and place stated, and that the notice in the paper of 10th signed MacEwen, Frickel & Co. was not signed by such firm or authorised by them. That the original notice convening the Meeting was duly signed, since which time Messrs. MacEwen, Frickel & Co. have ceased to be the General Managers of the said Company.

(Signed) WOTTON & DEACON.

Hongkong, 14th December, 1891.

The meeting was accordingly held at 11.30 to-day, when there was a large attendance. Mr. J. D. Humphreys took the chair.

Mr. Findlay Smith, whose arrival completed the quorum (holders of two-thirds of subser. b. capital), said that he objected to the meeting being held.

The Chairman took no notice of the objection, and commenced the business. He moved that



## CANTON.

[FROM A CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, 11th December, 1891.  
There is very little going on here at present. Business is all round in the reverse of flourishing, and New Year prospects are anything but bright. The only noteworthy event that has happened here lately was the bazaar held last night at the Masonic Hall under the auspices of the Wesleyan Mission, and even that would not have been in any way remarkable but for a row that took place between the Masonic fraternity and Miss Johnston, a missionary lady from Hongkong. It appears that some time ago Miss Johnston wrote a letter that was considered offensive to the Rev. J. B. Orr, who is a member of the Craft, and in consequence was prohibited from ever again having the privilege of using the Masonic Hall for her bazaars. To get round this prohibition in the case of last night's bazaar, an arrangement was made with another lady to take charge of and sell Miss Johnston's things; but the Masons, on discovering this, had the whole of the Hongkong lady's exhibits turned out of the hall. Mrs. Glover came to the rescue and had an exhibition and sale of Miss Johnston's articles in her own house; so the people on Shamen were treated to two opposition bazaars. A storm in a teacup all this foolish squabbling, but it is far too common with our missionary friends and hardly redounds to their credit.

Building proceeds but slowly on the French concession, but it is said that renewed activity in this direction will be displayed early next year. Mr. Marty has just commenced the servants' quarters for the residence he intends building, and other lot-holders are said to have lately been arranging preliminaries to utilize their purchases. There is still great lack of comfortable housing accommodation on Shamen, and I am sure that inexpensively built five or six-roomed residences would return good interest on their cost, as rents are still exorbitantly high. There has been some talk of a Fine Brigade ball at the Shamen Hotel about Christmas time, but I have not heard whether arrangements have yet been completed.

The weather continues all that could be desired.

## LATE TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, November 12th.  
The Emperor Francis Joseph, addressing the Austro-Hungarian delegations, said that despite the peaceful assurances of all the Powers, the dangers besetting Europe were not removed, nor had the general armaments stopped.

Russia has fortified her Chinese and Persian frontiers.

There are 50,000,000 lbs. of grain in the Caucasus, which it is impossible to transport to the famine districts, owing to the frozen state of the rivers.

Mr. W. L. Jackson, after being returned unopposed, the new Irish Secretary, in a speech at Leeds, announced his intention of introducing a Free Education Bill for Ireland next session.

The National Sporting Club of London has offered a purse of £2,000 to induce Peter Jackson and Paddy Slavin to fight to a finish.

The Corporation of Glasgow have purchased a new ferry.

The ship *Ben Venue* was being towed down the Channel, when the hawser broke, and the vessel drifted ashore at Dover. The Sandgate life-boat made repeated fruitless endeavours to succour those on board. Many attempts were made to throw a life-line, with the rocket apparatus and with field guns, but all attempts failed. The Sandgate boat finally rescued the remaining survivors. The captain and four of the crew were drowned, after attempting to reach the shore with a rope round their waists.

The general cargo of the *Ben Venue* was valued at £60,000, and the vessel at £20,000. Both were insured.

Many wrecks and losses of life are reported at all the Channel ports, and also in Scotland and along the East Coast. There have been many minor casualties inland.

The Porte is pleased at Lord Salisbury's reference to Egypt.

The P. & O. Co. steamer *Marilla* has arrived in London. Nearly all on board suffered from influenza. At one time ninety-six were prostrated together. There were no deaths. It is thought the epidemic was contracted in Melbourne.

Manuel Fonteca has seized the reins of power in Brazil because the Congress resisted him in his attempts to largely extend paper money.

The garrison of Rio de Janeiro numbering 4,000 men, have risen against Fonteca, and a conflict is feared between the ships and the garrison.

The Rio Grande members of Congress are seeking an asylum with the legion at Rio de Janeiro.

A new herring bank, one hundred miles long, has been discovered on the west coast of Newfoundland.

The shares in the Bank of Spain have fallen heavily. The Bank is parleying with the Rothschild's for assistance, but negotiations are still hanging fire.

It is reported that the Parnell-Wood probate suit has ended in a compromise.

A conspiracy against the King of Greece has been discovered. Mr. Trikoupi is implicated in the conspiracy.

Lord Salisbury's speech at the Lord Mayor's banquet has greatly excited the French colony in Cairo. The Paris Press continues furious over it.

Mr. Bartholomew St. Hilare declares that Lord Salisbury is right to let the English troops remain in Egypt until they have completed their mission.

Extremely rich reefs have been discovered at Fort Victoria, in Mischionland.

Lord Brassey is to preside at a banquet to be given to Sir Graham Gerrard, the Agent-General for Victoria. Lord Knutsford will attend the banquet.

The police entered a great Anarchist meeting at Chicago, and invited on the American flag being placed above it a red flag. This caused a wild commotion, but on the police showing their revolvers, the meeting was suspended.

The Chilean Cabinet has resigned, owing to a breach of compact between the Liberals and the Tory ministers.

MADRAS, November 12th.  
The steamer *Waverly*, of the Asiatic Line, which arrived at Madras this morning from Calcutta, while slowly rounding in harbour mapped a cable and grounded alongside the groyne; a hawser was then attached from the stranded steamer to the steamer *Purnia*, which tried to drag her into deep water, but without avail. The *Waverly's* cargo will, probably, have to be discharged before she can get off.

The reception of the Viceroy at Bhopal was on a scale of unprecedented magnificence being the first occasion of a Viceroy's visit to that State. The Viceroy himself, dressed in a *harka*, received Lord Lansdowne at the railway station. A line of palatial elephants drew up along the whole route to Lal Kotter, lined also by Bhopal troops of all arms, including detachments of Camel Sowars. At the state banquet, the Begum sat beside the Viceroy and herself proposed the health of the Queen and the Viceroy in a feeling, well-delivered speech in Hindustani, which was afterwards translated into English by Colonel Robertson. After the banquet the Viceroy giving the Begum his arm, conducted her to the fireworks which were a brilliant display of fireworks and gorgeous illuminations of the City, the

Palace, the Fort, the Lake and the hills beyond.

November 23rd.  
The steamer *Waverly* is moving near to the harbour groyne and has parted her cables used to keep her off. A tug from Calcutta is anxiously awaited.

RIO DE JANEIRO, November 22nd.  
President Fonteca has issued a proclamation, in which he states that he will defer summoning Congress to meet until May next. He demands an increase of powers of the Executive.

PARIS, November 22nd.  
M. de Giers left here to-day for Berlin, where he will meet the German Chancellor.

LONDON, November 23rd.

A judgment has been given by the Privy Council, affirming the decision of the High Court of Madras in the case of the Secretary of State for India versus Nallakuthi Jora.

A number of schools in France and Germany have been closed owing to a widespread and virulent outbreak of influenza.

Ex-Emperor Eugenie proceeds to Egypt in December, where she will spend the winter.

CALCUTTA, November 24th.  
The British India steamer *Lanada* is ashore at Puri. The weather there is very bad; some anxiety is felt for her safety; two tugs have been sent from Calcutta to her assistance.

The Viceroy, who is now at Indore, met with another splendid reception similar in character to that accorded at Bhopal and Gwalior.

## THE PERSECUTION OF CHRISTIANS IN SZECHUAN.

A correspondent writes to our Shanghai morning contemporary as follows:—  
Your Chungking correspondent states in his letter of October 28th, that the local authorities had just sent soldiers to Tatsien to arrest the murderers of the Christians who were killed in the persecutions last year, but that, fearing a revolt, the troops had not ventured to arrest any one. In this connection the following information may be of interest. A man named Chang Sun-siao, whose brother had been killed, and a woman who had lost her husband, only son, and brother-in-law (their bodies were burnt when the church was set on fire) had appealed to all the tribunals of the province to obtain justice against the murderers. Having not even secured the arrest of the incriminated persons, the poor people travelled all the way to Peking, where they laid the case before the Board of Censors. That body sent them back to their own province, and instructed the Viceroy to arrest the accused at Tatsien and have them sent to Chentu, the provincial capital, for trial. The Viceroy accordingly sent a deputy, who had already arrested two of the accused when the Taoist of Chungking ordered him to release them, under the pretext that if they were kept in custody there would be danger of trouble in the district. The Taoist also memorialised the Viceroy to prohibit the taking of the accused to the provincial capital, and to consider the murders as part of the whole question of the riot. The Viceroy, who is a relation of the Taoist, acceded to the request, and sent the complainants to the Taoist, who has just given the unjust and illegal decision mentioned above. The Taoist says there are no corpses in proof of murders having been committed, and that the charges have been brought with a view to injuring innocent people. But why do not the officials arrest and try the accused? And if the charges are found to be false, the accusers can be punished according to law. It is absurd to say that a corpse must be produced to substantiate a charge of murder, for in that case all a murderer needs to do to escape punishment is to make away with the body of his victim. As a matter of fact it is laid down by law that the disappearance of the body only adds to the guilt of the assassin. With regard to the only corpse, that of a man named Chang Wen, which was not burnt at Napo Chang, the Taoist says that in the second month of the present year the soldiers captured and executed two brigands who were recognised as having killed Chang. This is a mere invention of the Taoist. There have been no soldiers at Langchang-chen this year. The two brigands are imaginary persons of whom the complainants know nothing.

Such is the unjust treatment of Christians by the mandarins. These illegalities are perfectly well known to the higher authorities in Peking, but they are accounted for with the same parrot cry—the fear of a rising of the people. Three months ago there was a revolt against the authorities at Wan Hsien, near Chungking. The sub-Prefect did not hesitate to cut off eight heads. And in the reported terrible province of Hunan, the sub-Prefect beheaded eleven incendiaries who had tried to set fire to his official residence. Let us hope that some day the cup will overflow and that China will have to answer for the many crimes and injustices she has committed against Europe.

## THE REBELLION IN NORTH CHINA.

The following Imperial decree was issued on the 6th instant. "The Board of Civil Office, under instruction to award punishment to certain officials, reports as follows:—The Tartar Lieutenant-General of Jehol, Fuhai, is to lose one degree of rank, and to retain his post, but as he has since vacated it, this sentence is to be recorded against him. Two degrees are to be taken from the rank of the Jehol Taoist, Sing Yung, who will remain in his place. Chih-shao, Prefect of the Chenteh Fu prefecture, loses two degrees and is to be transferred to another post. The degrees thus lost by these officials cannot be retrieved by purchase. Respect this!"

Another decree appeared on the same day, as follows:—"Chen Fuh-chi (the Jehol Lieutenant-General) memorialised us in regard to the bandit creating disturbances in Jehol and Chao-yang. We instructed Li Hung-chang, Ting On and Yu Lu to send soldiers from different directions and quell the insurrection. Not long after, a report was presented to us by the Generalissimo of Chihli, Yeh Chih-ch'ao, stating that a victory had been gained over the insurgents at Sansachia and other places in the district of Kien-chong. Li Hung-chang, Yu Lu and Ting On memorialised us on the same day, that in several engagements the rebels were utterly defeated; and we perused and noted these statements. From the 20th to the 25th of the 10th moon, Generals Nich, Kwei Ling, and Kuo Feng-ming, of the Fungien province, fought repeated victorious battles in the Chao-yang district, captured leaders of the bandit (Ko Wen-chong and Yang Ming), put to death the head priest Tu Fa-ai, slaughtered over 1,000 rebels, and scattered the remainder. General Chang Yung-ching has also been despatched to Changmaitun to render further necessary assistance. A pitched battle was fought near Wakanyin, Kien-chong, between rebels, priests and the soldiers under General Yeh Chih-ch'ao. The rebel leaders, Fu Lien-shin and Peng Ta-hi, were killed, together with several priests, and a large number of rebels were scattered. The dead bodies of the enemy lay heaped one on the other, while large numbers of horses, cattle, sheep, ammunition and implements of war were taken. The rebels about Pien-chang and Kien-chong districts, no more, insurgents are to be found. From Kien-chong to Chao-yang every village is being besieged and stormed.

Cavalry are making a flank movement by the route north-west of Kien-chong, and are successful in their attack. The Chihli and Fungien soldiers engaged in the expedition showed great daring and invariably charged headlong against the enemy, victory, in every instance, attending their arms. They are, indeed, worthy of commendation. Let Li Hung-chang, Ting On and Yu Lu order their generals and captains to follow up these victories, to march against the foe with rapidity, to dislodge the rebels holding Chao-yang, and to exterminate them, leaving no further danger to the future, so that the country may enjoy peace. Respect this!"

## WESTERN SHANTUNG.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

November 21st, 1891.

The present season seems to have been peculiar in several respects. Several heavy rains fell during the ninth month, some of them accompanied with loud and continuous thunder, a most unusual circumstance. In this particular district about a month ago, there was a sudden and violent rainfall which lasted for about two hours, filling up all the gaps in the loamy soil, and making the roads almost impassable. Yet this downpour was but the thin edge of a knife, and half a mile distant, north and south, there was practically no rain at all. No wonder the natives said that the sixth moon had broken over into the ninth. The effect of so much irrigation is to advance the prospects of the wheat, and to make the sifting out of pea-nuts much more difficult than common, being always a task that only people of a patience practically infinite would think of undertaking. A destructive hail-storm, toward the end of the fifth month, ruined vast areas of cotton lands, which had to be replanted. The result was to make the cotton crop much later than usual, so that even in the last third of November there are persons to be seen in some of the neighbouring counties still gathering cotton pods, or cutting up the stalks. Another idiosyncrasy of this year of Grace, is the absence of any 'first-fall' an event which the almanacs sets for the 24th of October. But so far as we have been able either to see or to hear, for a great distance hereabouts, there was no such thing as a frost at all, but on the night of Nov. 15th a cold wind lowered the temperature, so that water froze, and the patient leaves, tired of waiting for the over-due congelation of dew, quietly curled up and died as well as they could without it.

The proclamations in regard to the arrest of Kolo Hui men, are said in some places to have put a stop to the performances of the Tsai Li, or Temperance Society, to which frequent allusion has been heretofore made. While the good nature of some magistrates is excessive, there are others who cannot be made to dissociate themselves from rebellion, and in times when special attention is attracted to any particular sect, it is the policy of all the others to follow the example of 'Brer Rabbit' and 'the low'.

The proclamations regarding the troubles at the South, ordering protection for chapels, &c., have, as already mentioned, been posted widely, probably universally. But all efforts to get the special sheets promulgated by Li Hung-chang for each separate chapel, have altogether failed in this part of the province, but not so in Chihli. Repeated applications to the consulates invariably end in some feeble nullity from a Taoist, and the matter is dropped.

Although the crops as a whole cannot be said to be bad, the bands of robbers which roam over the country appear to be quite numerous, as in many past years. The local militia is kept busy in swift raids for captures. A seizure of a dozen or so recently took place in the Pien-yuen district, but half as many more escaped. A large pawn-shop within two miles of this spot was looted at night not long since, and several hundred taels of silver seized, with the usual impudency from attack by the neighbours, who care nothing when a rich and odious corporation takes its turn in 'eating bitterness'.

The local official made his polite call to see the place where the mischief was accomplished, and perhaps that will be the end of it.

The new Governor of this province seems to be taking hold of some of his duties with vigour. It is said by persons in the *yamen* of the magistrate who captured the school-girls on the way to Peking last September, that when that official went to Chihnan Fu, he was soundly rebuffed by the Governor for meddling with what did not concern him.

Mention was made a few weeks ago of an effort on the part of a party of Canadian missionaries, to occupy a place called Hsinchen, a market-town in the prefecture of Weihsui Fu, Honan. Owing to the unsettled political condition of affairs, it was not thought best that ladies should go for the present, but several gentlemen entered into possession of their leased property, and began to make suitable repairs. Warned, perhaps, by the abortive attempt at expulsion by robbery, which took place at Ch'wang, another market-town similarly occupied, the opponents of the foreign barbarians resorted to a more crafty method. They employed a large band of professional beggars and blacksmiths, belonging to a fraternity known as the 'head cutters' because their demands are not granted, they at once proceeded to cut open their own heads with knives, thrusting themselves into prominent positions which they refuse to abandon until all the managers have come to terms with the leaders of the head-cutters, else all business will be stopped. A party of these persons made their appearance before the foreigners' premises, brandishing knives, and demanding a large sum of money. They rushed into the courts, threatened to assault the foreigners, wounded themselves, and made-believe that one of their number had been wounded by the foreigners in the fray, only to claim, on later, that this poor injured mortal was dead, and reparation must be made!

The suddenness of the attack, and the helplessness of the foreigners, made a compromise seem necessary for the time, but the band returned at intervals renewing their demands. 'Peace-talkers' from the town volunteered (for the consideration of 800 strings of cash) to guarantee that the party should not come again! Upon appeal to the local official, it was discovered that he was securely sealed up in an examination, real or imaginary, for a period of ten days or so, and could give no other help than issuing (after waiting ten days) a warrant to two *yamen* runners to drive away the gang. This warrant was used as a basis for a demand for more money, and for a long time the foreigners lived behind barred gates, like prisoners in a jail.

One gentleman has gone to Tientsin to lay the case before the British Consul, with whose language and approbation the attempt to continue the occupation of this town had been made.

Cases of this sort show how easy it is for the Chinese to find ways in which to get a thing done indirectly, which it is inconvenient to do openly. Still, ingenious as the Chinese are, there is a great variety of ways, which would tend to render foreign existence almost or quite intolerable, which do not appear to have been thus adopted. Let any Chinese black-leg should read English, and take in the *Daily News*, we shall refrain from suggesting any of these methods, merely hinting that they have been tried in Utah by the 'salts' in their effort to drive out obnoxious 'gentiles' for long periods of years, though at present, we believe, they are

obsolete. In the end they always failed, just as such means will in China, but it will be long time before they will cease to be tried—perhaps even longer than the period which is to elapse ere there shall be 'a foreign adviser' in every provincial capital, reforming all Chinese abuses by his pungent influence, and radically altering the nature of all officials within the range of his vision, merely by the powerful solvent of good advice!—N. C. Daily News.

## JUSTICE AND CLOTHES.

A few days ago, says the *Sydney Bulletin*, Peter Howe, M.P., and James Miller, both of the lately gone but Australian Mercantile Loan and Guarantee Company, were safely secured by Irish forces to seven years' goal for undue fooling with the assets of that lost corporation. In the light of the evidence the sentence seems to meet the case admirably; and if sundry other directors, representing various companies that are already burst, and various others that ought to be burst, should presently go the same road, the results will probably prove beneficial to the public at large. The average director doesn't get into goal often enough. In a large number of cases he is an individual with no qualification; he begins by holding the smallest number of shares which will qualify him for a seat on the Board, and when he gets his seat, he sells, but does transfer them, and thereafter he draws his fees under false pretences, and plays with other people's money jocosely, having none of his own at stake. No director that we ever heard of has got into goal for this, though several hundred must assuredly ought to get there. Then he votes himself handsome overdrafts and loans on no visible security, and this is as strictly wholesale stealing as if he took his overdraft out of the 'bank' by means of a crowbar and a jemmy. Very few directors get into goal for this either—in fact, at the present moment we can't recall one. Also, he votes for the purchase of his own land by the company, and values the land himself, whereby it occasionally happens that a bunk of rock in the back-blocks, worth something like £10 on a liberal estimate, is passed off on the shareholders for £500 or £1,000. It is very seldom indeed that a director gets locked up for this either, but Messrs. Howe and Miller did the business with such phenomenal clumsiness that they just managed to crowd themselves safely into goal. In a general way a fraudulent director has almost to burst his way into a goal if he wants to get there, and the success of Peter Howe and his mate in getting themselves put away is a surprising circumstance. The evidence against them was absolutely conclusive, but it took the 'most vigorous and vigorous efforts on the part of Judge Innes to secure a conviction, and it was only by dint of almost unjustifiable pressure that the verdict of 'guilty' was extracted. It would have been a lasting disgrace had the verdict not been obtained, but yet it would really appear that if the Judge had been even a shade less urgent, the result would have been a failure. The average jurymen, after all, has a superstitious reverence for the prisoner in the black coat. He returns his verdict cheerfully, and on the most insignificant evidence, to hang or imprison the individual in a 'tattered suit, but in nine cases out of ten he will acquit the fat, well-dressed swindler without the slightest hesitation. The only swindler who doesn't get a show under present conditions, is the one who hasn't stolen enough to enable him to buy good clothes with the proceeds. Therefore, if justice is to be a square and honest thing, and all men are to have the same chance, every prisoner, who is tried on a serious charge, should be supplied with a decent suit, so that he may only be hanged for his crime instead of being hanged for the want in his coat. The clothes ought to be reasonably up to date and suitable to his complexion, and he should be allowed to carry a shiny bell-topper in his hand. The disused bell-topper of Mr. Howe, duly ironed up for the occasion by the Government laundryman, might, for instance, serve a long line of prisoners, and save many of them from receiving unjust sentences, and as the accused would simply carry it in his hand the question of it is a matter of no importance. Also, each prisoner ought to be shaved and have his hair nicely done in a George-street manner—and even then the results would probably be unsatisfactory. For when two men came up for trial in two equally elegant black coats the jury would convict the man who wore the Government garment, and would promptly acquit the fellow who had paid for his own suit out of his plunder.

## To-day's Advertisements.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Underigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, the 15th December, 1891, at 3.30 p.m., at his Sales Room, Queen's Road, SUNDRY HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, SILVER WARE, PLATED GLASS WARE, CURTAINS, PIANO, &c., lately belonging to Mr. E. L. WOODIN, Comprising—

TAPESTRY with PLUSH COVERED DRAWING ROOM SUITE. Canton-made BLACKWOOD GLASS CABINET. CURIO STANDS, TABLES, TEA-POYS and STOOLS.

CHIMNEY GLASSES, PICTURES, CURTAINS and IVORY CARVINGS, ORNAMENTS, &c.

SILVER RACE CUPS, JUBILEE and MUGS. DINING TABLE, SIDEBOARD with BEVELLED GLASS BACK, WHATNOTS, DINNERS, DESSERT & TEA SETS, GLASS and PLATED WARE.

GLASS BOOK CASE with WRITING DESK. DOUBLE IRON BEDSTEAD, BRASS MOUNTED, Double & Single WARDROBES, Marble-top BUREAU with Glass, and Marble-top WASHSTAND.

One COTTAGE PIANO, by Brinsmead and Sons. One LARGE TELESCOPE with Tripod Stand.

One JINRIKSHA, &c., &c. Catalogues will be issued. TERMS OF SALE.—As customary. J. M. ARMSTRONG, Auctioneer, Hongkong, 14th December, 1891. 1515

## NOTICE.

MY Son HENRY HUMPHREYS was admitted into Partnership with me on the 1st day of July last.

JNO. D. HUMPHREYS, Hongkong, 12th December, 1891.

THE Business heretofore carried on under the name of JNO. D. HUMPHREYS will henceforth be conducted under the name of John D. Humphreys & Son.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON, Hongkong, 14th December, 1891. 1516

## Intimation.



1891 CHRISTMAS 1891  
PRESENTS FOR ALL  
AT EXTREMELY MODERATE PRICES.

# CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

FOR CHILDREN.

FRENCH, GERMAN and ENGLISH TOYS. TOOLS for BOYS.  
DRESSED and UNRESSED DOLLS. SWINGS for GIRLS.  
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. GAMES for ALL.  
MAGIC LANTERNS. BONBONS and CRACKERS.  
RUBBER BALLOONS. CHOCOLATES and PUREST CONFECTIONERY.  
TEA and DINNER SETS.

Fancy Ornaments and Candles for Christmas Trees and Decorations.

# CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

FOR LADIES.

WORK CASES and COMPANIONS; Fitted. FAIRY LAMPS.  
GLOVE and HANDKERCHIEF CASES. IVORY TABLETS.  
BREAKFAST, TEA and DINNER SETS. PLACQUES.  
TABLE ORNAMENTS. ELECTRO PLATED and SILVER WARE.  
PHOTO FRAMES. JEWELLERY, LATEST NOVELTIES.  
PLUSH ALBUMS. PERFUMERY, PINAUDS and RIMMELS.  
WALL BRACKETS. CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES and FRENCH CONFECTIONERIES, in PLUSH and SATIN CASES.  
WRITING CASES. FANCY MIRRORS.

ARTISTIC OIL PAINTINGS, CHROMOS, OLEOGRAPHS & FINE ART ENGRAVINGS, &c.

# CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

FOR GENTLEMEN.

DRESSING CASES. READING LAMPS.  
SHAVING MIRRORS. DATE CASES.  
CIGAR CABINETS. LETTER SCALES.  
TOBACCO BOXES. LIQUEUR STANDS.  
MEERSCHAUM PIPES. CLOCKS, BAROMETERS.  
CIGAR and CIGARETTE HOLDERS and PHOTO FRAMES.  
CASES. JEWELLERY CASES.  
POCKET BOOKS. WALL MIRRORS.  
WRITING CASES. BACHELORS' TEA & COFFEE SETS, &c.

# WINES, SPIRITS AND LIQUEURS.

CHOICEST BRANDS ONLY IN STOCK

A SINGLE BOTTLE SUPPLIED AT LOWEST PRICES.  
PRICE LIST FORWARDED ON APPLICATION.

SOLE AGENTS FOR EMPIRE BREWERY, SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, &c.

EMPIRE PALE ALES and EXTRA STOUT.  
BOTTLED (PINTS and QUARTS) and ON DRAUGHT.  
JAUNAY'S CHAMPAGNES, SAZERAC BRANDIES, &c., &c.



Novelties in Pottery China & Glass  
Novelties in Games & Fancy Articles  
FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.  
4, QUEEN'S ROAD, AND JUDD STREET.



Today's  
Advertisements.ST. JOHN LODGE  
OF HONGKONG,  
No. 618, S.C.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in FREEMASONS' HALL, Zealand Street, THIS EVENING, the 14th instant, at 8 for 8.30 o'clock precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited. Hongkong, 14th December, 1891. [1493]

## THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA, VIA AMOY.  
THE Company's Steamship

"DIAMANTE,"  
Captain Gerard will be despatched for the above Ports on WEDNESDAY, the 16th instant, at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
SHEWAN & Co.,  
General Managers,  
Hongkong, 14th December, 1891. [1510]

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND TAMSUI.  
THE Company's Steamship

"FORIEN,"  
Captain Davis will be despatched for the above Ports on WEDNESDAY, the 16th instant, at Daylight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
DOUGLAS LARRAIC & Co.,  
General Managers,  
Hongkong, 14th December, 1891. [1511]

## FOR NEW YORK, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship  
"HAVERTON,"  
Captain Peters will be despatched, as above on or about THURSDAY, the 24th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,  
Agents,  
Hongkong, 14th December, 1891. [1512]

## "UNION" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR NAGASAKI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA,  
VIA INLAND SEA.

THE Steamship  
"TORRINGTON,"  
Captain Berwick will be despatched as above on or about THURSDAY, the 24th December.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,  
Agents,  
Hongkong, 14th December, 1891. [1513]

## PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamship  
"CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO,"  
are hereby notified that their goods are being landed and stored at their risk in the Company's Godowns at Wanchai, whence delivery may be obtained on countersignature of Bills of Lading.

Cargo remaining unclaimed after the 21st inst. will be subject to rent.  
No Fire Insurance is effected.  
J. S. VAN BUREN,  
Agent,  
Hongkong, 14th November, 1891. [1514]

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION,  
No. 311.

THE following Particulars of Sale of Crown Land by Public Auction, to be held on the spot, on  
MONDAY,  
the 21st day of December, 1891, at 2 P.M., are published.

By Command,  
W. M. GOODMAN,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Hongkong, 5th December, 1891. [1515]

Particulars of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on Monday, the 21st day of December, 1891, at 4 P.M., by Order of His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, of One Lot of CROWN LAND, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.	
Boundary Measurements.	Area.
1. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
2. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
3. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
4. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
5. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
6. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
7. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
8. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
9. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
10. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
11. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
12. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
13. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
14. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
15. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
16. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
17. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
18. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
19. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
20. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
21. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
22. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
23. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
24. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
25. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
26. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
27. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
28. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
29. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
30. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
31. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
32. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
33. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
34. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
35. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
36. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
37. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
38. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
39. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
40. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
41. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
42. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
43. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
44. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
45. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
46. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
47. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
48. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
49. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
50. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
51. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
52. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
53. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
54. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
55. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
56. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
57. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
58. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
59. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
60. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
61. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
62. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
63. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
64. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
65. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
66. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
67. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
68. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
69. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
70. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
71. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
72. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
73. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
74. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.
75. 1/2 Acre.	1/2 Acre.

THE Undermentioned BANKS will be CLOSED for the Transaction of Public Business at Noon, on THURSDAY & FRIDAY, the 17th and 18th inst.

For the CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

E. L. HUNTER,  
Manager, Hongkong.

For the CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

T. H. WHITEHEAD,  
Manager, Hongkong.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

F. DE BOVIS,  
Chief Manager.

For the NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.

E. W. RUTTER,  
Manager.

For the COMPTEUR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

L. GLENAT,  
Acting Agent.

For the BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED, HONGKONG.

DE WESTLEY LAYTON,  
Secretary.

For the NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.

A. B. MCKEAN,  
Acting Chief Manager,  
Hongkong, 14th December, 1891. [1516]

## Auctions.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Underigned will Sell by Public Auction, on  
TO-MORROW,  
the 15th December, 1891, at 2.30 P.M., at his Sales Room, Zealand Street.

1. Ten GREEN PAINT, 1. Ten MAST COLOUR, BLUE PAINT, TEAK COLOUR, OCHRE, TRIPLE PACKING, GAUGE GLASSES, LAMPS, GALV. NAILS, FILES, GALV. PIPES, PORTLAND CEMENT, CANDLES, &c., &c.

Also,  
30 Cases HEIDSIECK'S DRY MONOPOL.

60 Cases MACDOUGALL'S and old NE PLUS ULTRA WHISKY.

10 Cases fine old JAMAICA RUM, 10 Cases HENNESSY BRANDY, SHERRY, PORT, CHABLIS, GIN, BOURBON WHISKY, &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE—As customary.

F. RAPP,  
Auctioneer,  
Hongkong, 10th December, 1891. [1497]

## PUBLIC AUCTION

OF  
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

THE Underigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, on  
THURSDAY,  
the 17th December, 1891, at 2 p.m., at the residence of Mr. G. R. LAMBERT,

No. 4, Albany,  
THE WHOLE OF THE  
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.,  
Comprising—

English-made WALNUT DRAWING ROOM SUITE and ditto CENTRE TABLE, Marble-top Blackwood TABLE, MIRRORS, EASY CHAIRS, DAVENPORT CARD TABLE, BUREAU, LACE CURTAINS, PORTIERE, FENDERS and IRONS, CARPETS and RUGS, &c.

COTTAGE PIANO by BECHSTEIN, MUSIC STANDS, MUSIC PAINTINGS, CHROMOS, ENGRAVINGS, ORNAMENTS, &c.

EXTENSION DINING TABLE and CHAIRS, CARVED SIDEBOARD, DINNER WAGGON, BOOK CASES and a quantity of BOOKS, DINNER and DESSERT SERVICES, ELECTRO-PLATED and GLASS WARE, CUTLERY, a quantity of SILVER WARE, &c., &c.

BRASS and IRON BEDSTEPS, Marble-top WASHING STANDS, English-made Ladies' MAHOAGANY WARDROBE, TEAK WARDROBES, DRESSING TABLES and SUNDRY BED-ROOM FURNITURE, &c.

SHANGHAI BATH TUBS, &c.  
A quantity of FLOWERS in POTS, ORCHIDS, FERNS, &c.

The above will be on view on Wednesday the 16th inst. after 2 p.m., and Catalogues will be issued prior to Sale.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on delivery.  
F. RAPP,  
Auctioneer,  
Hongkong, 11th December, 1891. [1499]

## Masonic.

## PERSEVERANCE LODGE OF

HONGKONG,  
No. 1165, E.C.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in FREEMASONS' HALL, Zealand Street, on THURSDAY, the 17th December, at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited. Hongkong, 11th December, 1891. [1500]

## DILIGENTIA LODGE

OF INSTRUCTION.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above Lodge will be held in the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zealand Street, on THURSDAY, the 17th December, at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited. Hongkong, 10th December, 1891. [1494]

## To be Let.

TO LET,  
With Immediate Possession.

A LARGE WELL VENTILATED GODOWN in Duddell Street. Rent very moderate.

Apply to  
GEO. P. LAMBERT,  
Duddell Street,  
Hongkong, 12th December, 1891. [1506]

## TO LET.

ROOMS in Pedder's Street on First Floor, Suitable for offices.

Apply to  
CRUICKSHANK & Co., Ltd.,  
Hongkong, 20th November, 1891. [1505]

## THE ROWLOON LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

TO LET.

AT ROWLOON.

A FEW HOUSES in KNUITSFORD TERRACE containing 4 Rooms each and Bathrooms, Tennis Courts, Healthy situation, Cheap Rent.

Apply to  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., Ltd.,  
Hongkong, 6th August, 1891. [1504]

## TO LET.

BAHAR LODGE, THE PEAK.

R. B. LOT No. 59.

THIS desirable residence with 6 1/2 Acre land on to be Let Furnished or Unfurnished.

Apply to  
HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., Ltd.,  
Hongkong, 12th May, 1891. [1517]

## TO LET.

N. O. 14, HOLLYWOOD ROAD.

Apply to  
DAVID SASSOON, BOMBAY & Co.,  
Hongkong, 14th December, 1891. [1518]

## G. FALCONER &amp; CO.

WATCHES, CHRONOMETERS, JEWELLERY, FACTORIES and MILLWHEELS, NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS and BOOKS.

No. 47, Queen's Road Central. [1519]

## Intimations.

## W. POWELL &amp; CO.

## SPECIAL SHOW

## CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES

SUITABLE FOR  
USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL PRESENTS.

## W. POWELL &amp; CO.

Hongkong, 14th December, 1891. [16]

## KELLY &amp; WALSH, LD.

ARE NOW SHOWING THEIR STOCK

OF

## FANCY AND LEATHER GOODS.

SUITABLE FOR

## CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

KELLY & WALSH, LIMITED,

QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 12th December, 1891. [17]

## ROBERT LANG &amp; CO.

## DRESS SUITS.

NEWEST MATERIALS, FROM \$30, SILK LINED.

A VERY LARGE SELECTION OF SCOTCH TWEEDS AND OTHER SUITINGS.

EVENING DRESS, SHIRTS, latest style.

EVENING DRESS-TIES and GLOVES.

EVENING DRESS, HOSE, SILK, THREAD, and MERINO.

EVENING DRESS SHOES and PUMPS.

Hongkong, 27th November, 1891. [136]

## CRUICKSHANK &amp; CO., LD.,

FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS,

AND

Commission Agents.

RESPECTFULLY INVITE INSPECTION OF THEIR VARIED STOCK OF

CHOCOLATES, SHORTBREAD, TOFFIES, &c.

SCOTCH HEATHER, HONEY, \$1 per bottle.

OUR SPECIAL LIQUEUR WHISKY.

BRANDY, BEAUTELEAU'S \*\*\*

ALE BASS' Read Bros., Bull's Head.

STOUT, GUINNESS' Read Bros., Bull's Head.

Hongkong, 5th December, 1891. [17]

## CARMICHAEL &amp; Co., LD.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS—TOBACCO AND CIGAR IMPORTERS,

GENERAL STOREKEEPERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

SHOOTING STOCKS FOR SPORTSMEN.

BUCKSKIN LEGGINGS.

FORPOISE HIDE BOOTS.

CANADIAN CREAMERY BUTTER and CHEESE.

CARMICHAEL & CO., LTD.

18, Praya Central, Hongkong. [1168]

## TO BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITING

## ORIZA-POWDER

Rice Flower

MATCHLESS, FRESHNESS AND PERFUME

L. LEBRAND'S

ORIZA PERFUMERY

Inventor of the GENUINE and accredited preparation

11, Place de la Madeleine, Paris

TO BE HAD OF ALL TRUSTWORTHY FIRMS

TO BE HAD OF ALL TRUSTWORTHY FIRMS

TO BE HAD OF ALL TRUSTWORTHY FIRMS

TO BE HAD OF ALL TRUSTWORTHY FIRMS

TO BE HAD OF ALL TRUSTWORTHY FIRMS

TO BE HAD OF ALL TRUSTWORTHY FIRMS

TO BE HAD OF ALL TRUSTWORTHY FIRMS

TO BE HAD OF ALL TRUSTWORTHY FIRMS

## Amusements.

ST. ANDREW'S HALL,  
CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

TO-MORROW,  
the 15th December.

## A GRAND CONCERT

Will be given by the Celebrated  
PIANO VIRTUOSO

HERR ALBERT  
FRIEDENTHAL.

Doors open at 8.30; to commence at 9 p.m.

Reserved Seats.....\$2.00  
(Back seats in last 3 rows \$1.00).

The Box plan at Messrs. KELLY & WALSH, LIMITED.

Hongkong, 9th December, 1891. [1489]

## Consignees.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAYS  
ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

STEAMSHIP "EMPEROR OF JAPAN,"  
FROM VANCOUVER, YOKOHAMA, KOBE,  
AND SHANGHAI.

THE above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,  
Agents,  
Hongkong, 10th December, 1891. [14]

## Intimations.

FOR SALE.

THE Yacht "COLLEEN BAWN" (late "SUNBEAM")

Just out of the hands of the Dock Company and complete in every respect, with new sails, &c. Tonnage 5 tons.

Apply to  
YACHT.

c/o Hongkong Telegraph Office,  
Hongkong, 11th December, 1891. [1501]

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

TO AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS AND OTHERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that all AERATED WATER BOTTLES and SYPHONS bearing the Company's Name and Trade Mark are its property solely, and that any Manufacturer using the same or any Person or Persons other than the Customers of the Firm found in possession of the same will be proceeded against as the law directs.

A. H. MANCELL,  
Secretary.